

THE TOP WAYS BOVIKALG SUPPLEMENTS DELIVER

PROVIDES CALCIUM TO FRESH COWS WHEN THEY NEED IT MOST.

Immediately after calving, cows experience high levels of calcium loss through milk and colostrum.¹ Even when signs aren't visible, subclinical hypocalcemia can lead to a cascade of complications that could have been avoided.

DELIVERS TWO ESSENTIAL TYPES OF CALCIUM: CHLORIDE AND SULFATE.

These two calcium ingredients have been proven best in helping cows get back to optimum performing levels, while the ingredients in other brands fall short.¹

A TWO-BOLUS PROTOCOL CAN MAKE ALL THE DIFFERENCE.

Administering an oral calcium supplement at calving, and again 12 to 24 hours later, can provide much-needed calcium supplementation. This is especially critical in second-lactation-or-greater cows, even if on a balanced transition diet.^{1,2}

NOT ALL BOLUSES ARE CREATED EQUAL.

A BOVIKALC bolus dissolves completely just 30 minutes after reaching the rumen.^{3,4} Plus, its fat coating makes administration easier and safer for both workers and fresh cows.

CAN BOOST AN ANIONIC-SALT PROGRAM.

Anionic salts can reduce cases of subclinical hypocalcemia, but not necessarily eliminate them. According to research, even herds in a quality anionic-salts program can still benefit from the oral calcium supplementation that BOVIKALC boluses deliver.^{1,5}

AVOID THE HIGH RISKS OF LOW CALCIUM.

The threat of subclinical hypocalcemia typically increases in cows as they age, but there are other important risk factors to consider.

BOVIKALC[®] BOLUSES CAN BENEFIT COWS WITH RISK FACTORS FOR SUBCLINICAL HYPOCALCEMIA, WHICH MAY INCLUDE COWS THAT:

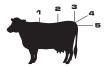
Are on their second or greater lactation



Have a history of milk fever



Have high bodycondition scores



Go off feed post calving



Produced a high milk yield in the previous lactation



Have lameness



THE PROOF IS IN HER PRODUCTION

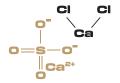
BOVIKALC supplements have been supported by peer-reviewed research.

The BOVIKALC boluses help to maintain healthy blood calcium levels after calving and maximize milk production. Plus, when using the 2-bolus protocol, BOVIKALC can have a positive ROI on herd performance.⁶

QUALITY ASSURANCE STANDARDS THAT ENSURE EVERY BOVIKALC® BOLUS IS CONSISTENT AND MEETS SPECIFICATIONS.



Manufactured in a GMP+ certified facility



All raw materials are tested for purity



All boluses are weighed individually



Production records are checked by QA

LEARN MORE ABOUT THE BENEFITS OF BOVIKALC® BOLUSES AT STARTWITHBOVIKALC.COM.

Goff JP. The monitoring, prevention and treatment of milk fever and subclinical hypocalcemia in dairy cows. Vet J 2008:176(1):50-57.

² Kimura K, Reinhardt TA and Goff JP. Parturition and hypocalcemia blunt calcium signals in immune cells of dairy cattle. J Dairy Sci 2006;89(7):2588-2595.

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 3}$ Data on file at Boehringer Ingelheim.

⁴ Goff JP and Horst RL. Oral administration of cattle salts for treatment of hypocalcemia in cattle. J Dairy Sci 1993;76:101-108.

Oetzel GR and Miller BE. Effect of oral calcium bolus supplementation on early-lactation health and milk yield in commercial dairy herds. J Dairy Sci 2012;95(12):7051-7065.

⁶ McArt JAA, Oetzel GR. A stochastic estimate of the economic impact of oral calcium supplementation in postparturient dairy cows. J Dairy Sci 2015;98(10): 7408-7418.